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EDMUND G. BROWN JR., Attorney General ĺ Board of Vocational Nursing of the State of California and Psychiatric Technicians LINDA K. SCHNEIDER 2 Supervising Deputy Attorney General ANTÔINETTE B. CINCOTTA, State Bar No. 120482 3 Deputy Attorney General 110 West "A" Street, Suite 1100 4 San Diego, CA 92101 5 P.O. Box 85266 San Diego, CA 92186-5266 6 Telephone: (619) 645-2095 Facsimile: (619) 645-2061 7 Attorneys for Complainant 8 BEFORE THE 9 BOARD OF VOCATIONAL NURSING AND PSYCHIATRIC TECHNICIANS DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS 10 STATE OF CALIFORNIA 11 Case No. VN-2006-1731 In the Matter of the Accusation Against: 12 JOHN STEPHEN ALLEN 13 ACCUSATION P.O. Box 756 Rancho Mirage, CA 92270 14 Vocational Nurse License No. VN 63813 15 Respondent. 16 17 Complainant alleges: 18 **PARTIES** 19 Teresa Bello-Jones, J.D., M.S.N., R.N. (Complainant) brings this 1. 20 Accusation solely in her official capacity as the Executive Officer of the Board of Vocational 21 Nursing and Psychiatric Technicians, Department of Consumer Affairs, 22 On or about September 27, 1974, the Board of Vocational Nursing and 2. 23 Psychiatric Technicians issued Vocational Nurse License Number VN 63813 to John Stephen 24 Allen (Respondent). The Vocational Nurse License was in full force and effect at all times 25 relevant to the charges brought herein and will expire on October 31, 2009, unless renewed. 26 27 111 28 111

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1	JURISDICTION
2	 This Accusation is brought before the Board of Vocational Nursing and
3	Psychiatric Technicians ("Board"), Department of Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the
4	following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code ("Code") unles
5	otherwise indicated.
6	4. Section 2875 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may
7	discipline the holder of a vocational nurse license for any reason provided in Article 3
8 -	(commencing with section 2875) of the Vocational Nursing Practice Act.
9	Section 118 of the Code provides, in relevant part:
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"(b) The suspension, expiration, or forfeiture by operation of law of a license issued by a board in the department, or its suspension, forfeiture, or cancellation by order of the board or by order of a court of law, or its surrender without the written consent of the board, shall not, during any period in which it may be renewed, restored, reissued, or reinstated, deprive the board of its authority to institute or continue a disciplinary proceeding against the licensee upon any ground provided by law or to enter an order suspending or revoking the license or otherwise taking disciplinary action against the licensee on any such ground.

"(c) As used in this section, 'board' includes an individual who is authorized by any provision of this code to issue, suspend, or revoke a license, and 'license' includes 'certificate,' 'registration,' and 'permit."

STATUTORY PROVISIONS

Section 2878 of the Code states:

"The Board may suspend or revoke a license issued under this chapter [the Vocational Nursing Practice Act (Bus. & Prof. Code, 2840, et seq.)] for any of the following:

"(a) Unprofessional conduct, which includes, but is not limited to, the following:

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 "(f) Conviction of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a licensed vocational nurse, in which event the record of the conviction shall be conclusive evidence of the conviction.

Section 2878.5 of the Code states:

In addition to other acts constituting unprofessional conduct within the meaning of this chapter [the Vocational Nursing Practice Act] it is unprofessional conduct for a person licensed under this chapter to do any of the following:

"

- "(b) Use any controlled substance as defined in Division 10 of the Health and Safety Code, or any dangerous drug as defined in Section 4022, or alcoholic beverages, to an extent or in a manner dangerous or injurious to himself or herself, any other person, or the public, or to the extent that the use impairs his or her ability to conduct with safety to the public the practice authorized by his or her license.
- "(c) Be convicted of a criminal offense involving possession of any narcotic or dangerous drug, or the prescription, consumption, or self-administration of any of the substances described in subdivisions (a) and (b) of this section, in which event the record of the conviction is conclusive evidence thereof,"

8. Section 2878.6 of the Code states:

"A plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere made to a charge substantially related to the qualifications, functions and duties of a licensed vocational nurse is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning of this article. The board may order the license suspended or revoked, or may decline to issue a license, when the time for appeal has elapsed, or the judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal or when an order granting probation is made suspending the imposition of sentence, irrespective of a subsequent order under the provisions of Section 1203.4 of the Penal Code allowing such person to withdraw his plea of guilty and to enter a plea of not guilty, or setting aside the verdict of guilty, or dismissing the accusation, information or indictment."

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9. Section 490 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that a board may suspend or revoke a license on the ground that the licensee has been convicted of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of the business or profession for which the license was issued.

Section 493 of the Code states:

"Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in a proceeding conducted by a board within the department pursuant to law to deny . . . to suspend or revoke a license or otherwise take disciplinary action against a person who holds a license, upon the ground that the applicant or the licensee has been convicted of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of the licensee in question, the record of conviction of the crime shall be conclusive evidence of the fact that the conviction occurred, but only of that fact, and the board may inquire into the circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime in order to fix the degree of discipline or to determine if the conviction is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of the licensee in question.

"As used in this section, 'license' includes 'certificate,' 'permit,' 'authority,' and 'registration.""

- 11. Section 11032 of the Health and Safety Code provides, in pertinent part, that the term "restricted dangerous drugs" means controlled substances classified in Schedules III. and IV as defined in sections 11056 and 11057 of that code.
 - California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 2521, states;

For the purposes of denial, suspension, or revocation of a license pursuant to Division 1.5 (commencing with Section 475) of the Business and Professions Code, a crime or act shall be considered to be substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of a licensed vocational nurse if to a substantial degree it evidences present or potential unfitness of a licensed vocational nurse to perform the functions authorized by his license in a manner consistent with the public health, safety, or welfare. Such crimes or acts shall include but not be limited to those involving the following:

1	"(f) Any crime or act involving the sale, gift, administration, or furnishing of
2	"narcotics or dangerous drugs or dangerous devices" as defined in Section 4022 of the Business
3	and Professions Code."
4	13. Section 4022 of the Code provides:
5	"'Dangerous drug' or 'dangerous device' means any drug or device unsafe for
6	self-use in humans or animals, and includes the following:
7	"(a) Any drug that bears the legend: 'Caution: federal law prohibits dispensing
8	without prescription," 'Rx only,' or words of similar import.
9	"(b) Any device that bears the statement: "Caution: federal law restricts this
10	device to sale by or on the order of a,' 'Rx only,' or words of similar import, the
11	blank to be filled in with the designation of the practitioner licensed to use or order use of the
12	device.
13	"(c) Any other drug or device that by federal or state law can be lawfully
14	dispensed only on prescription or furnished pursuant to Section 4006."
15	COSTS
16	14. Section 125.3 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may
17	request the administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or
18	violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation
19	and enforcement of the case.
20	CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE AT ISSUE
21	15. <u>Hydrocodone with acetaminophen</u> , also known by the brand name
22	5.50
	Vicodin, is a dangerous drug as defined in section 4022 of the Code, and a Schedule III
23	<u>Vicodin</u> , is a dangerous drug as defined in section 4022 of the Code, and a Schedule III controlled substance.
	System and a district of the control
23	controlled substance.
23 24	controlled substance. FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
23 24 25	controlled substance. FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE (June 18, 2007 Criminal Conviction for D.U.I. on March 10, 2007)

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The circumstances of the crime were that on or about March 10, 2007, at Ъ. about 5:36 p.m., a police officer from the Cathedral City Police Department arrived at the scene of a traffic collision in the area of McCallem Way and Date Palm Drive in Cathedral City, California. The officer saw a gold Ford F150 truck stopped in the southbound left turn lane of Date Palm Drive at the intersection with McCallum Way. The vehicle's left rear tire was: deflated and smoking. Respondent was sitting in the driver's seat. As the officer parked his vehicle behind Respondent's truck, Respondent got out of the truck and walked towards the officer. Respondent told the officer that someone almost hit him head on and he struck the curb to avoid the collision. It appeared to the officer that Respondent's vehicle struck a curb, as evidenced by the alloy wheel being dented. While speaking with Respondent, the officer noted that his speech was slow and raspy. His eyes were droopy, and it appeared he was having a difficult time staying awake. The officer asked Respondent if he had a medical condition, and Respondent answered, "no." The officer asked him if he had taken any medication. Respondent told the officer that he takes prescribed medication, Vicodin, for back pain twice a day. Respondent also told the officer that he took one pill in the morning at about 8:00 a.m., and a second pill at about 5:00 p.m. The officer asked Respondent if he felt the effects of the Vicodin and he said "yes." The officer asked Respondent if he felt it was "okay" for him to drive after taking the pills, and Respondent answered, "probably not but it does not say I can't drive after taking the pills." It was later determined that Respondent was traveling northbound on Date Palm Drive, north of McCallum Way, when he drove over the raised concrete divider into oncoming traffic.

The officer performed Field Sobriety Tests on Respondent. When performing the Rhomberg, Respondent swayed in a circular motion and extended his arms for balance.

Respondent estimated 30 seconds in 35 even though he counted out loud. During the walk and

turn portion of the testing, Respondent was unable to take steps without losing his balance. His 1 arms were taised away from his body for balance. There were 4-5 inch gaps between each of his 2 steps. Even using these tactics, Respondent still nearly fell twice. The officer stopped the tests for fear that Respondent may fall into the road during rush hour traffic. Respondent was arrested 4 for DUI, and transported to the police station for booking. Because Respondent became upset 5 and uncooperative during the booking process, the officer decided to transport him to the 6 Riverside County Jail for booking. The officer opened the booking cell, and asked Respondent 7 to stand up. Respondent refused and told the officer he was not going anywhere. The officer 8 grabbed his left arm, stood him up, pinned him up against the booking cell west wall, and placed 9 handcuffs on him without further incident. Respondent was then transported to Riverside County 10 Jail for booking. 11

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c. On or about June 18, 2007, Respondent was sentenced and ordered to serve five (5) years probation, to serve four (4) days in custody with the Riverside County Sheriff with credit for two (2) days served, to pay a fine and penalty assessment of \$1,752,40, to pay \$110.00 for booking fees, to pay a restitution fine of \$100.00, to not drive unless properly licensed nor without insurance or valid registration, to submit to chemical testing of blood, saliva, breath, or urine or any reasonable physical test upon request of any probation or law enforcement officer, to attend and satisfactorily complete the Drinking Driver Program, and to pay the program fees.

SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(March 22, 2007 Criminal Conviction for Disturbing the Peace on March 13, 2007)

- 17. Respondent is subject to discipline under Code sections 2878(f) and 490, in that he was convicted of the following crime that is substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of a licensed vocational nurse;
- a. On or about March 22, 2007, in the case of People v. John Stephen Allen, (Superior Court Riverside County, Case No. INM175795), Respondent was convicted by the Court on his plea of guilty of violating Penal Code section 415, disturbing the peace, a misdemeanor.

The circumstances of the crime were that on or about March 13, 2007, the b. day after Respondent was released from Riverside County Jail for his D.U.I. arrest referenced above at paragraph 15, at about 11:30 p.m., Victim John Doe, a person with whom Respondent was living, left their residence to go to the store. Respondent confronted Victim Doe outside and told him to go back inside the residence because it was late. Victim Doe told Respondent that it was not too late, and that he would be right back. Respondent told Victim Doe that he was not going to the store and to go back inside the residence. When Victim Doe ignored Respondent, Respondent grabbed Victim Doe by his shirt and threw him to the ground. Victim Doe landed on the side of the driveway near the corner of the walkway where there is dirt. Victim Doe began yelling for Respondent to let him go, but Respondent ignored him. Respondent began kicking Victim Doe repeatedly on his back while Victim Doe was lying on the ground. Respondent then grabbed Victim Doe by his legs and dragged him about 40 feet across the dirt area onto the cement walkway and into the house. Once in the house, Respondent dragged Victim Doe another 20 feet across the floor into the master bedroom. Victim Doe tried to fight Respondent off, but Victim Doe was weak because of a pre-existing medical condition. Respondent told Victim Doe not to come out of the bedroom again, and slammed the door shut. Victim Doe suffered abrasions to his back and left knee.

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The office later spoke with Respondent about what happened. Respondent advised the officer that he was Victim Doe's caregiver, and he was outside conducting his daily duties last night when he told Victim Doe not to leave the house. The officer asked Respondent what duties he would be doing outside at 11:30 p.m., and Respondent replied that he was moving the car. Respondent told the officer that when Victim Doe came outside the residence and told Respondent that he was going to the store, Respondent told Victim Doe that he was not leaving the residence because of his physical condition. Respondent told the officer that Victim Doe just went back into the house and went to sleep. Respondent denied any kind of altercation with Victim Doe, and said that Victim Doe did as he was told by Respondent. Respondent explained the injuries to Victim Doe were from falling down four times over the past week or so. After the officer told Respondent that Victim Doe's injuries appeared new, Respondent appeared nervous

and blurted out that he helped Victim Doe last night by cleaning the two small scrapes on his back. When the officer told Respondent that Victim Doe had more than just two small scrapes on his back, Respondent blurted out, "He falls down all the time."

c. On or about March 22, 2007, Respondent was sentenced and ordered to serve three (3) years probation, to serve thirteen (13) days in custody with the Riverside County Sheriff with credit for nine (9) days actually served, to perform 20 hours of community service through Volunteer Center; to caroll in Community Service program classes by April 5, 2007; to pay a total of \$110.00 for booking fees; to pay \$400.00 to Domestic Violence Fund; to pay \$20.00 for Court Security Fee; to pay restitution fine of \$100.00; to enroll in a 52-week Domestic Violence Program and provide proof of enrollment to the court/probation within 30 days; and to pay \$100.00 for Probation Revocation Restitution Fine with the fine stayed and imposed upon revocation of probation.

PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged, and that following the hearing, the Board of Vocational Nursing and Psychiatric Technicians issue a decision:

- Revoking or suspending Vocational Nurse License Number VN 63813,
 issued to Respondent John Stephen Allen;
- Ordering John Stephen Allen to pay the Board of Vocational Nursing and Psychiatric Technicians the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of this case, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 125.3;
 - Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.

DATED:March 23, 2009

PERESA BELLO JONES, J.D., M.S.N., R.N.

Executive Officer

Board of Vocational Nursing and Psychiatric Technicians

Department of Consumer Affairs

State of California Complainant